

Comparatively few of the college libraries keep records of circulation and as the larger university libraries are mainly centres of reference, a record of their circulation does not give a true indication of the use of the library for promotion of critical reading and individual research on the part of the student.

12.—College and University Libraries, 1939

Province	Libraries	Volumes	Pamphlets (Where Recorded)	Periodicals Received	Expenditure on Books and Periodicals
	No.	No.	No.	No.	\$
Prince Edward Island.....	2	11,432	Nil	81	437
Nova Scotia.....	16	327,205	97,545	866	20,286
New Brunswick.....	5	97,309	9,500	402	4,100
Quebec.....	81	2,065,720	268,601	7,726	83,260
Ontario.....	39	1,357,940	194,596	7,643	44,371
Manitoba.....	8	163,421	5,930	1,081	7,604
Saskatchewan.....	11	129,944	16,901	477	964
Alberta.....	9	120,290	5,600	757	8,336
British Columbia.....	4	144,398	106,321	557	14,750
Canada.....	175	4,417,659	704,994	19,590	184,168

Business, Technical Society and Government Libraries.—The libraries represented by the group in Table 13 are classified according to type of ownership rather than classes of readers.

The Dominion Government libraries are located chiefly at Ottawa and 40 p.c. of the volumes are in the Library of Parliament. About six of these libraries are specialized departmental libraries containing more than 50,000 volumes.

Provincial government libraries are slightly over one-half as numerous as those of the Dominion and, aside from the legislative libraries, are especially for the use of provincial administrative departments.

Technical society libraries include those of the Academy of Medicine and the Royal Canadian Institute; business libraries are mostly intended for reference use by technical and executive employees although a few are educational libraries for the use of the general staff. The group "other libraries" includes libraries for the blind, local historical associations and similar organizations.

13.—Business, Technical Society and Government Libraries, 1939

Classification	Libraries	Volumes	Pamphlets (Where Recorded)	Periodicals and Newspapers Received	Employing Full-Time Librarians			Libraries Reporting Loans to Other Libraries
					Lib- raries	Staff	Librarians Having Attended a School of Libra- rianship ¹	
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Government Libraries—								
Dominion.....	41	1,265,654	412,935	9,555	24	82	23	23
Provincial.....	25	820,888	276,246	2,335	16	58	11	5
Technical Society Libraries—								
Law Societies..	13	237,313	784	678	9	19	1	2
Other.....	21	118,789	23,813	2,429	3	4	3	4
Business Libraries....	35	112,746	64,260	4,167	19	47	13	8
Y.M.C.A., Y.W.C.A., Y.M.H.A.....	6	13,965	1,235	162	2	2	1	Nil
Other libraries..	15	61,139	12,259	374	3	11	2	1
Totals.....	156	2,630,494	791,532	19,700	76	223	54	43

¹ 14 members of the staffs of the 80 libraries not employing a full-time¹ librarian have attended a school of librarianship.